

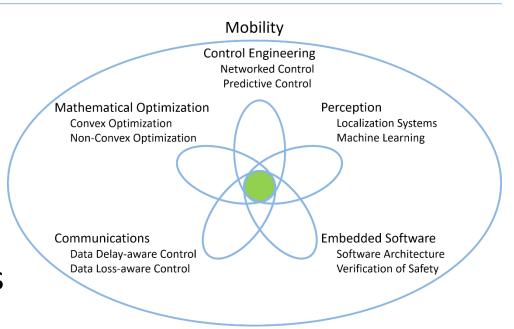
Dr.-Ing. Bassam Alrifaee | Patrick Scheffe, M. Sc. Winter Semester 2021/2022

Part 7

Case Study

Course contents

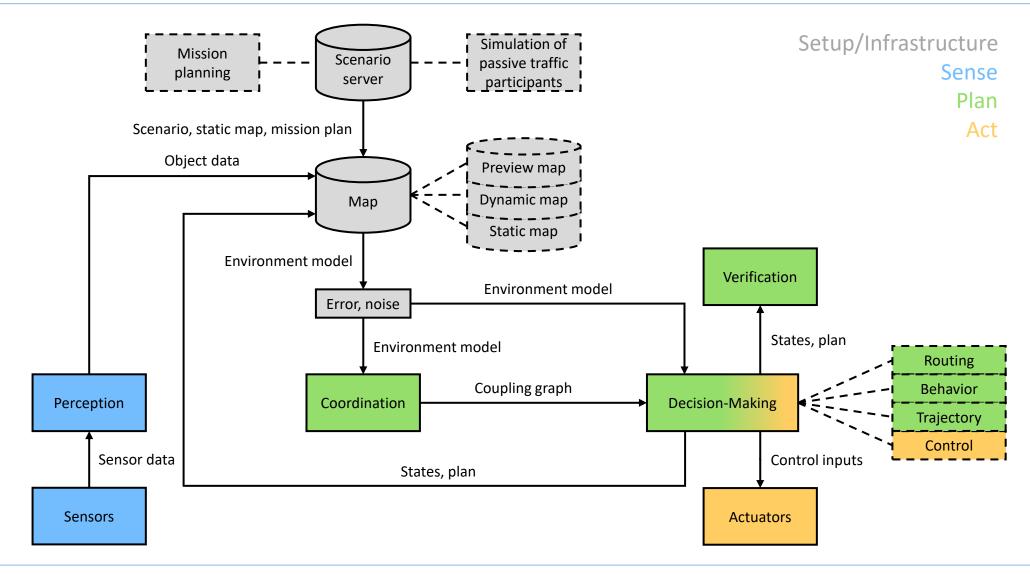
- Dynamic vehicle models
- Control and optimization
- Network and distribution
- Machine perception
- Software architectures and testing concepts
- Case study







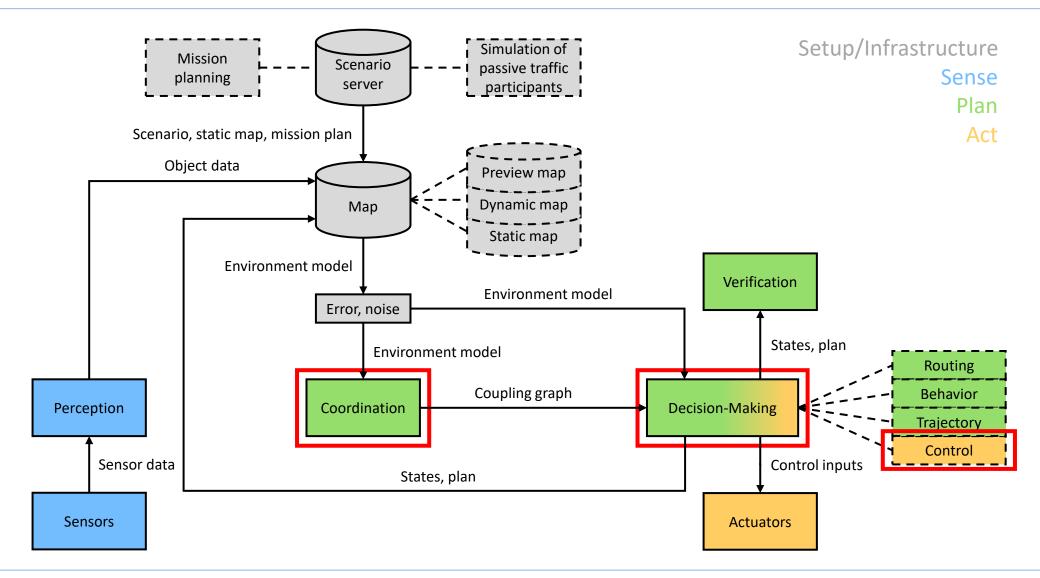
CPM Lab architecture







CPM Lab architecture







Literature

▶ R. Rajamani. Vehicle Dynamics and Control. Springer, 2005.





Further literature (1)

Many





Further literature (2)

- ▶ B. Alrifaee, M. Reiter, J. P. Maschuw, F. Christen, L. Eckstein, and D. Abel. Satellite- and Map-based Long Range Cooperative Adaptive Cruise Control System for Road Vehicles. In IFAC Symposium on Advances in Automotive Control (AAC), 2013.
- CPM Lab papers





Case study

1-D problems

- Speed control, also called Cruise Control (CC)
- Speed and distance control, also called Adaptive Cruise Control (ACC)
- Distance control of multiple vehicles, also called Platoon Control



ACC using PID

- Set speed required in case of Cruise Control
- Integral part required if measurement of leader speed uncertain
- Case of constant set distance





ACC using LQR

Equations

$$d = x_{\text{leader}} - x_{\text{veh}}, d_{\text{ref}} = v_{\text{veh}} \cdot t_{\text{ref}} + d_{\text{min}}$$

$$e = d - d_{\text{ref}}$$

$$e = x_{\text{leader}} - x_{\text{veh}} - v_{\text{veh}} \cdot t_{\text{ref}} - d_{\min}$$

$$\dot{e} = v_{\text{leader}} - v_{\text{veh}} - a_{\text{veh}} \cdot t_{\text{ref}}$$

$$\dot{a}_{\mathrm{veh}} = -1/T \cdot a_{\mathrm{veh}} + k/T \cdot a_{\mathrm{ref}}$$

State space model

$$\dot{e} = \dot{e}$$

$$\ddot{e} = a_{\text{leader}} - a_{\text{veh}} - \dot{a}_{\text{veh}} \cdot t_{\text{ref}}$$

$$\ddot{e} = a_{\text{leader}} + (-1 + t_{\text{ref}}/T) a_{\text{veh}} - \frac{k \cdot t_{\text{ref}}}{T} \cdot a_{\text{ref}}$$

$$\dot{a}_{\mathrm{veh}} = -1/T \cdot a_{\mathrm{veh}} + k/T \cdot a_{\mathrm{ref}}$$





Platoon Control using LQR

Equations

State space model

$$\dot{e}_i = \dot{e}_i$$

$$\ddot{e}_i = a_{i-1} - a_i$$

$$\dot{a}_i = -1/T \cdot a_i + k/T \cdot a_{i_{ref}}$$

$$d_i = x_{i-1} - x_i, d_{ref} = const.$$
 $e_i = d_i - d_{ref}$
 $e_i = x_{i-1} - x_i - d_{ref}$
 $\dot{e}_i = v_{i-1} - v_i$
 $\ddot{e} = a_{i-1} - a_i$
 $\dot{a}_i = -1/T \cdot a_i + k/T \cdot a_{i_{ref}}$



Next Part

Lab work

